

### ***Local Limits***

A. The District is authorized to establish Local Limits pursuant to 40 CFR 403.5(c). The following Pollutant limits are established to protect against Pass Through and Interference. No person shall discharge wastewater containing in excess of the following Maximum Limits; provided, however, that where more restrictive limitations are imposed by Permit or Federal Pretreatment Standards, the more restrictive standards shall apply:

<b><u>Constituent</u></b>	<b><u>Concentration. mg/L</u></b>	<b><u>Instantaneous Maximum. mg/L</u></b>
<b><u>Conventional Pollutants:</u></b>		
Ammonia (N)	662	n/a
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1,880*	n/a
Total Suspended Solids	2,031	n/a
Oil & Grease	100	200
<b><u>Priority Pollutant Metals:</u></b>		
Arsenic	0.11	0.20
Cadmium	0.13	0.28
Chromium	5.3	21
Copper	2.4	6.9
Lead	1.5	4.2
Mercury	0.071	0.24
Molybdenum	1.5	1.5
Nickel	2.3	2.3
Selenium	0.31	0.31
Silver	1.0	4.9
Zinc	3.2	8.6
<b><u>Minerals:</u></b>		
TDS	n/a*	n/a
Chloride	300*	n/a
<b><u>Other Toxics:</u></b>		
Cyanide	1.1	4.4
pH	6-11 units	6-11 units

\*possible allocation of mass limit for user's discharging >1% of MAHL

B. The above Local limits apply at the point where the wastewater is discharged to the POTW, also known as the end-of-pipe. All concentrations for metallic substances are for total metal unless indicated otherwise. The District may impose mass limitations in addition to concentration-based limitations.

C. The Manager may develop Best Management Practices (BMP's) by ordinance or in individual water discharge permits to implement Local Limits and the requirements of Section 4.1 of this ordinance.